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MEMORANDUM

TO: Sponsors of the National School Lunch Program

FROM: Mary Szafranski, Deputy Associate Superintendent

Arizona Department of Education, Health and Nutrition Services

Cara Peczkowski, Director

Original Signed Arizona Department of Education, School Nutrition Programs

DATE: September 5, 2012

SUBJECT: Preventing Overt Identification of Children Certified for Free or Reduced Price

School Meals

This memorandum serves as guidance on the requirements for preventing overt identification of children certified for free or reduced price school meals. In addition, we are providing suggestions about methods school food authorities (SFAs) could use to avoid overt identification as much as possible.

Defining Overt Identification

Overt identification is any action that may result in a child being recognized as potentially eligible to receive or certified for free or reduced price school meals. SFAs must assure that a childøs eligibility status is not disclosed at any point in the process of providing free or reduced price meals, including notification of the availability of free or reduced price benefits; certification and notification of eligibility; provision of meals in the cafeteria; and the point of service.

Preventing Overt Identification of Directly Certified Children

SFAs are not required to provide applications to parents when children are eligible for free meals through direct certification, but must assure that these children are not overtly identified through the method used to distribute applications. If an SFA distributes applications to individual households, such as by mail (including e-mail), or in individual student packets; or online availability, applications do not have to be provided to households in which all children are determined eligible through direct certification. If the distribution method is not individualized, all households must be provided applications. (See 7 CFR 245.6(b)(10)).

Prohibited Actions

The following actions are prohibited by law and regulation:

• Publicizing or announcing eligible households or childrenge names;





- Using different mediums of exchange (see below for additional discussion);
- Having separate dining areas, service times or serving lines;
- Limiting choices of reimbursable meals; and
- Requiring that children work for their meals.

(See the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act section 9(b)(10), 42 U.S.C. 1758(b)(10), and 7 CFR 245.8.)

Media of Exchange Restrictions

SFAs are encouraged to use prepayment systems as much as possible to limit exchange of money which inadvertently can indicate a student eligibility status. SFAs must make reasonable efforts to publicize and encourage use of prepayment options by students and parents. SFAs should provide multiple ways to make prepayments, such as on-line, multiple locations within the school, especially when students are arriving or changing classes, and remind parents through e-mail, notices, or other means, when a student balance is low.

Food Service Area Considerations

SFAs are prohibited from having separate dining areas, service times or serving lines, or limiting the choices of reimbursable meals based on a student eligibility status. In addition, SFAs choosing to sell competitive foods during the meal service are encouraged to ensure the operation of the sale of competitive foods does not inadvertently result in eligible children being identified. Ways to limit overt identification related to the sale of competitive foods include:

- Limit competitive foods to those also offered as part of reimbursable meals on the reimbursable lunch lines;
- Offer competitive foods on the same lines as reimbursable meals are offered; or
- Only allow competitive foods to be purchased with a pre-paid card.

Monitoring

SFAs must avoid any policy or practice that has the effect of overtly identifying eligible children. Where necessary, local education agencies should promptly update their policy statements, implementation procedures, and operations to comply with this guidance. Arizona Department of Education (ADE) must assure that SFAsø practices address ways to prevent overt identification. This includes reviewing policy statements and point of service systems for new SFAs submitting applications for participation in the school meals programs. Further, ADE is



required to review the policy statement and the medium of exchange used as part of the general areas when conducting administrative reviews. If you have any questions on these requirements, please contact your School Nutrition Programs Specialist at 602-542-8700. This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

